



PUNJAB EXAMINATION COMMISSION
EXAMINATION 2017, GRADE-8
ENGLISH PART – A (Objective Type)

**Model
Paper-2**

Part-A 48 Marks, Part-B 52 Marks, Total 100 Marks

Student Name (In Capitals)		For Official Use Only	
		Total Marks MCQs	
Roll Number (In Figures)		Signature of Assistant	
		Signature of Head Examiner	

Signature of Dy. Superintendent(CNIC)-----

General Instructions

- 1) Read carefully and attempt all questions.
- 2) Encircle the correct option of each MCQ as shown in the example below.

Example

I am _____ an essay.

- a) write b) wrote
 c) writing d) written

- 3) Use black/blue ink for writing. Use of lead pencil is not allowed.
- 4) If more than one option is circled in a question, no mark will be given.

Total Marks: 48

Part-A (Multiple Choice Questions)

Total Time: 1 Hour

**Instructions:-Thirty-two (32) Multiple Choice Questions (MCQs) are given in this part.
Each question carries 1.5 marks.**

Q. No.1. Which word is a concrete noun?

- a) Happiness b) Care
 c) Anger d) Computer

Q. No.2. You need a book which may help you finding word meanings. You will ask the book seller “Do you have a _____, please?”

- a) magazine b) newspaper
 c) dictionary d) recipe book

Q. No.3. Many tourists visit Pakistan to see the _____ of northern areas.

- a) buety b) beauty
 c) beauti d) beutie

Q. No.4. How many syllables are there in the word “lovely”?

- a) Two
- b) Three
- c) Four
- d) Five

Q. No.5. Don't run fast. You may hurt_____.

- a) you
- b) yourself
- c) yours
- d) yourselves

Q. No.6. The word “Myself ” is

- a) a noun
- b) a verb
- c) an adjective
- d) a pronoun

Q. No.7. He has been reading _____ interesting book.

- a) a
- b) an
- c) the
- d) any

Q. No.8. The sentence with correct use of present perfect tense is

- a) The guests had arrived before it rained.
- b) The guests have arrived before it rained.
- c) The guests are arrived before it rained.
- d) The guests will arrive before it rained.

Q. No.9. The word “happily” is

- a) an adverb
- b) a conjunction
- c) an adjective
- d) a pronoun

Q. No.10. The correct sentence is

- a) We began to walk down the road.
- b) We began walk down the road.
- c) We began to walking down the road.
- d) We began to walks down the road.

Q. No.11. The sentence with correct position of adverb “hard” is

- a) Some hard of the students studied for the exam.
- b) Some of the students studied hard for the exam.
- c) Some of the students studied for the exam hard.
- d) Some of the students studied for hard the exam.

Q. No.12. There is _____ in the box. It is empty.

- a) anything
- b) everything
- c) nothing
- d) something

Q. No.13. The word “school” is

- a) a verb
- b) a noun
- c) an adjective
- d) an adverb

Q. No.14. The sentence with correct capitalization is

- a) My Favourite Subject is English.
- b) my favourite subject is english.
- c) My favourite subject is English.
- d) My favourite subject is english.

Q. No.15. Fill in the blank with the correct punctuation mark.

Hurrah _____ We have won the match.

- a) , b) ; c) ! d) .

Q. No.16. The sentence with correct place of adverb “never” is

- a) I ride a bike on never weekends. b) I ride never a bike on weekends.
c) I ride a bike on weekends never. d) I never ride a bike on weekends.

Q. No.17. He looked after his grandmother in her old age.

The correct passive voice to the above sentence is

- a) His grandmother was looked after in her old age by him.
b) His grandmother is looked after in her old age by him.
c) His grandmother looked after him in her old age.
d) Her grandmother was looked after in his old age by him.

Q. No.18. He said, “I have been waiting for a long time for this day.”

The correct indirect narration to the above sentence is

- a) He told that he was waiting for a long time for this day.
b) He told that he had been waiting for a long time for that day.
c) He told that I had been waiting for a long time for this day.
d) He told that I have been waiting for a long time for that day.

✚ **Read the following paragraph carefully and answer Q. No. 19, 20, 21, 22, 23 and 24.**

Tolerance means to bear pain or hardships with patience. It also means to bear things you do not like. Our Holy Prophet (ﷺ) is a model of tolerance. He never wished ill for anyone. Hazrat Ayesha (رضى الله عنها) said the Holy Prophet (ﷺ) never took revenge upon anyone. In his last address, The Holy Prophet (ﷺ) said, “Revenge for bloodshed, (as was the custom in the days of ignorance) is forbidden. I forgive those who murdered my cousin Ibn e Rabiah.” On another occasion, Hazrat Ans Bin Malik (رضى الله عنه) said, “I served The Holy Prophet (ﷺ) for ten years. By God, he (ﷺ) never objected to anything I said or did.” We, as Muslims should follow the noble examples of the tolerance of our Holy Prophet (ﷺ).

Q. No.19. Tolerance creates

- a) revenge b) bloodshed c) custom d) peace

Q. No.20. The topic sentence of the paragraph is

- a) I (ﷺ) forgive those who murdered my cousin Ibn e Rabiah.
b) Hazrat Ans Bin Malik (رضى الله عنه) served the Holy Prophet (ﷺ) for ten years.
c) Revenge for bloodshed is forbidden.
d) Our Holy Prophet (ﷺ) is a model of tolerance

Q. No.21. Which sentence presents an example of forgiveness from the Holy Prophet (PBUH)?

- a) Revenge for bloodshed is forbidden.
b) I (ﷺ) forgive those who murdered my cousin. `.
c) I served the Holy Prophet (ﷺ) for ten years
d) He (ﷺ) never objected to anything I said or did.

Q. No.22. Following the example given in the paragraph, how should one treat one’s servant?

- a) Kindly b) Badly c) Harshly d) Strictly

Q. No.23. The word “custom” means

- a) change
b) difference
c) service
d) tradition

Q. No.24. The paragraph is about

- a) revenge
b) tolerance
c) hardships
d) bloodshed

✚ **Read the following paragraph carefully and answer Q. No. 25, 26, 27, 28, 29, 30, 31 and 32.**

In Pakistan, the rainy season starts in early July and continues up to the end of September. It comes as a great relief from the excessive heat of summer. Birds, animals, plants and human beings all welcome the rainy season as it gives them relief. The sky presents a very beautiful scene. The clouds of different shades move in the sky and look pleasant. The trees get covered with new leaves. New grass grows in the dry fields and they turn green. Where rain gives relief to the world suffering from heat, it also causes trouble by confining people to their homes. When it rains for several days the roads become muddy and it becomes difficult to walk. As a result of heavy rainfall rivers, ponds and drains get filled with water. The rivers often overflow and cause floods. The mud houses collapse and cause much damage. We all depend on food for survival. Rain helps in cultivation of various crops. Lack of rain causes famine leading to failure of crops and lack of food. Many people die due to famine. In short, rain plays a vital role in the overall economic growth of agricultural countries.



Q. No.25. The duration of the rainy season in Pakistan is about

- a) two months
b) three months
c) four months
d) five months

Q. No.26. What is the positive effect of rain on trees?

- a) Their shade becomes thin.
b) They fall to the ground.
c) The new leaves grow on the trees.
d) The new fruit fall down.

Q. No.27. We need _____ to live.

- a) floods
b) roads
c) rivers
d) food

Q. No.28. In the paragraph, the word “famine” means

- a) strong windstorm
b) excessive rainfall
c) heavy floods
d) shortage of food

Q. No.29. Rain is helpful for agricultural countries as it

- a) makes all the roads muddy.
b) gives relief from the heat.
c) increases economic growth.
d) presents a beautiful scene.

Q. No.30. The sentence which shows an opinion is

- a) The rainy season starts in Pakistan in early July.
b) The clouds of different shades look very nice in the rain.
c) We all depend on food for survival.
d) The rivers overflow due to excessive rain.

Q. No.31. Before the start of the rainy season, people generally face

- a) severe heat
b) bitter cold
c) fine weather
d) heavy floods

Q. No.32. One of the greatest benefits of rain in the development of economy is that it helps in

- a) building houses.
b) avoiding floods.
c) cultivation of crops.
d) hunting of birds.