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SERVICE

COMPETITIVE EXAMINATION FOR RECRUITMENT TO POSTS IN BPS-17 UNDER THE FEDERAL GOVERNMENT, 2010

Roll Number

	AC	CCOUNTANG	CY AND AUDITING,	PAPER-I			
THE ALL	ALLOWED.	(PART-I)	30 MINUTES		MAXIMUM N	MARKS:20	
TIME	E ALLOWED:	(PART-II)	2 HOURS & 30 MIN	UTES	MAXIMUM N	MARKS:80	
NOTE	after 30 ı	minutes.	(MCQ) on separate An			n back	
	(11)	g, vvg v					
			<u>PART – I (MCC</u> (COMPULSOR)				
Q.1.	Select the best	option/answei	and fill in the approp	riate box or	the Answer Shee	et. (20)	
(i)	Which of the fol	llowing is an e	xample of internal trans	saction?			
	(a) cash receive				supplies consumed	in the office	
	(d) salaries paid	to employees		. ,	**		
(ii)	A Company's 1	reported open	ing balance of accum	ulated depre	ciation is Rs.150.	The closing	
	balance of accumulated depreciation is Rs.125. The current year depreciation is Rs.175. The						
	depreciation on	disposed asset	s is:				
	(a) Rs.150		(b) Rs.200	(c) I	Rs.250		
	(d) Rs.100		(e) None of these				
(iii)	Which of the fol	llowing is an e	xample of non-exchang	e transaction	1?		
	(a) goods lost by	y fire	(b) electric charges	paid (c) n	nachinery purchase	ed on credit	
	(d) carriage paid	d on furniture	(e) None of these				
(iv)	A Company rec	eives 40 % of	monthly sales and 50%	in the follo	wing month and re	est is received	
	in third month. The sales for January are Rs. 20; February Rs. 30 and March Rs. 40. Th						
	collection for M	larch is:					
	(a) Rs.27		(b) Rs.30	(c) I	Rs.33		
	(d) Rs.36		(e) None of these				
(v)	The time limit for	or payment of	divi <mark>den</mark> d for a lis <mark>ted</mark> pu				
	(a) 30 days		(b) 45 days	(c) 6	60 days		
	(d) 90 days		(e) None of these				
(vi)		or payment of	divi <mark>den</mark> d for an u <mark>nlis</mark> ted				
	(a) 90 days		(b) 60 days	(c) 4	<mark>15 d</mark> ays		
	(d) 30 days		(e) None of these				
(vii)			e 1984 a listed public	limited coi	npany is bound t	o prepare its	
	financial stateme	ents on:					
	(a) yearly basis		(b) half-yearly basis	(c) c	quarterly basis		
	(d) daily basis		(e) None of these				
(viii)			1984 loose tools are rec				
	(a) current asset		(b) fixed assets	(c) 1	ong-term investme	nt	
	(d) long-term deposits (e) None of these						
(ix)	A Company reports stock velocity 30 days. Creditors' velocity is 20 days. The debtors' velocity						
	15 days. The operating cycle of						
	(a) 25 days		(b) 50 days	(c) 4	15 days		
	(d) 65 days		(e) None of these				
(x)		account means	the word debit is descri				
	(a) noun		(b) pronoun	(c) v	rerb		
, .	(d) adverb		(e) None of these				
(xi)			city 30 days. The debto	rs' velocity i	s 20 days. Creditor	rs' velocity is	
		erating cash cy	cle of the company is:				
	(a) 75 days		(b) 55 days	(c) 5	50 days		
	(d) 25 days		(e) None of these				
(xii)	In Pakistan a co	mmercial bank	can be formed and is r	egistered und	der the:		

(b) Banking Companies Ordinance 1962

(c) State Bank of Pakistan Act 1956 (d) Modaraba Companies Ordinance 1980 (e) None of these

(a) Companies Ordinance 1984

- ACCOUNTANCY AND AUDITING, PAPER-I In Pakistan a commercial bank prepares its annual accounts under the: (a) Companies Ordinance 1984 (b) Banking Companies Ordinance 1962 (c) State Bank of Pakistan Act 1948 (d) Modaraba Companies Ordinance 1980 (e) None of these A Company pays income tax at the rate of 40%. The net income after tax is Rs. 24. The net (xiv) income before tax is: (a) Rs.40 (b) Rs.80 (c) Rs.24 (d) Rs.16 (e) None of these In Pakistn insurance company can be formed and is registered under the: (xv) (a) Companies Ordinance 1984 (b) Banking Companies Ordinance 1962 (c) Insurance Ordinance 2000 (d) Modaraba Companies Ordinance 1980 (e) None of these The working of the insurance company is governed by the: (xvi) (a) Companies Ordinance 1984 (b) Banking Companies Ordinance 1962 (c) Insurance Ordinance 2000 (d) Modaraba Companies Ordinance 1980 (e) None of these (xvii) Which of the following transactions would result in an increase in the current ratio? (a) paid cash for a one-year insurance policy (b) collected an account receivable (c) used the allowance method to write-off an uncollectible account (d) borrowed money by issuing a long-term note (e) None of these (xviii) A and B are partners with capital of Rs. 8000 and Rs. 6000 respectively. They admit C as partner with 1/4 share in the profits of the firm. C brings Rs. 10000 as his share of capital. The share of A's goodwill is: (a) 16000 (b) 8000 (c) 4000 (d) 2000 (e) None of these (xix) A, B and C are partners in a partnership firm. The profit sharing ratio was 3:2:1. The goodwill of the firm was valued at Rs.12000. They change their profit sharing ratio as 4:4:2. The value of gain or loss of goodwill to A is: (a) Gain Rs. 1200 (b) Loss Rs.1200 (c) Gain Rs.800 (d) Loss Rs.800 (e) None of these A and B are the partners in a firm. They admit C into the firm. The new ratio is agreed to be 5:3:4. (xx)A and B made equal sacrifice to accommodate C. The old ratio of B is: (a) 14/24(b) 15/24 (c) 9/24(d) 10/24(e) None of these PART - II PART-II is to be attempted on the separate Answer Book. (ii) Attempt ONLY THREE questions from PART-II including QUESTION NO. 2 which is COMPULSORY having 30 marks. Rest of the questions carry 25 MARKS NOTE: (iii) Extra attempt of any question or any part of the attempted question will not be considered. **Q 2:** Write the short note on the following? (3 each)
 - (i) What is meant by event in accounting?
 - (ii) What is the meaning of equity?
 - (iii) Define separate entity concept.
 - (iv) Narrate the meaning of conservatism.
 - (v) Differentiate among provision, reserve and fund.
 - (vi) What is meant by footing?
 - (vii) What is amortisation?
 - (viii) What is controlling account?
 - (ix) Define contingent assets.
 - (x) What is the meaning of sales term 1/10 E.O.M?

Q 3: The Charitable Trust had the following balance sheet as on December 31, 2009.

Q 3: The Charitable Trust had the following t	balance sheet	as on December 31, 2009.	(23)
Liabilities	Rs.	Assets	Rs.
Salaries payable	3000	Cash	1500
Subscription received in advance	500	Equipment	8000
Capital fund 11200		Stock of medicine	1600
Add life membership fee 2500		Furniture	6000
Add surplus 1900	15600	Subscription due and receivable	2000
	19100		19100

ACCOUNTANCY AND AUDITING, PAPER-I

The accompanying income and expenditure account was the following:

Income and Expenditure Account for the year ended December 31, 2009

Expenditure	Rs.	Income	Rs.
To salaries	35000	By entrance fee	300
To cost of medicine used	6700	By subscription	36100
To depreciation of equipment	600	By miscellaneous receipts	150
To miscellaneous expenses	1500	By profit on sale of furniture	200
To surplus	1900	By grant from government	8950
	45700		45700

Adjustments: The equipment stood at Rs.6000; subscription due and receivable totalled Rs.2500; whereas subscription already received for next year were Rs.700; closing stock of medicine Rs.1100. Prepare receipts and payments account for the year 2009.

Q 4: Below is given the balance sheet of Sunlight Company Limited as on 31st December, 1988.

Liabilities	Rs.	Assets	Rs.
Share capital	200000	Fixed assets	550000
Reserve fund	150000	Stock in trade	250000
Bank overdraft	200000	Liquid assets	150000
Sundry creditors	400000		
	950000		950000

Bank overdraft is a permanent arrangement made with the bank. Calculate current ratio; quick ratio; debt-equity ratio; fixed assets ratio; and proprietary ratio.

Q 5: Following are summarised balance sheets of a company. Prepare a Comparative balance sheet. (25)

	45000	55000		45000	55000
Current liabilities	1400	2000			
Loans	600	1600	Current assets	1000	2000
Reserves	5000	5400	Investment	4000	8000
Ordinary capital Rs.10	38000	46000	Fixed assets	40000	45000
	Rs.	Rs.		Rs.	Rs.
Liabilities	2004	2005	Assets	2004	2005
, ,					

Q 6: The following figures are taken from the books of Sheen Company Limited as on December 31, 2009. (25)

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	Rs.		Rs.
Opening stock	75000	Purchases returns	10000
Purchases	245000	Sales	340000
Wages	30000	Discount	3000
Carriage	950	Profit and loss	15000
Furniture	17000	Share capital	100000
Salaries	7500	Creditors	17500
Rent	4000	General reserve	15500
Trade expenses	7050	Bills payable	7000
Dividend paid	9000		
Debtors	27500		
Plant and machinery	29000		
Cash at bank	46200		
Patents	4800	_	
Bill receivables	5000	_	
	508000	·	508000

Adjustments: Closing stock was valued at retail price Rs.105600 which was 20% higher than cost price. Provide for income tax Rs.19827. Depreciate plant and machinery at 15%; furniture at 10%; and patents at 5%. There was outstanding rent Rs.800 and salaries Rs.900. Make provision for bad debts Rs.510. Provide for manager remuneration at 10% of net profit before tax. The directors proposed dividend at 10% on paid up capital. Prepare trading and profit and loss account for the year ended December 31, 2009 and a balance sheet as at that date.

(25)